



**INTEGRATED LOGISTICS LTD** 

PILL: SEC:23-24/80

06th February, 2024

To BSE Ltd.

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal

Street, Fort

Mumbai - 400 001.

To

National Stock Exchange of IndiaLimited

Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex,

Bandra (East),

Mumbai - 400 051.

**SCRIP CODE: 526381** 

**NSE SYMBOL: PATINTLOG** 

#### Sub: Investors Presentation.

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "Listing Regulations"), we are attaching herewith the Investors Presentation.

The above information will be made available on the website of the Company i.e. www.patel-india.com.

This is for your information and records.

Thanking you, Yours faithfully,

For PATEL INTEGRATED LOGISTICS LIMITED

Avinash Paul Raj

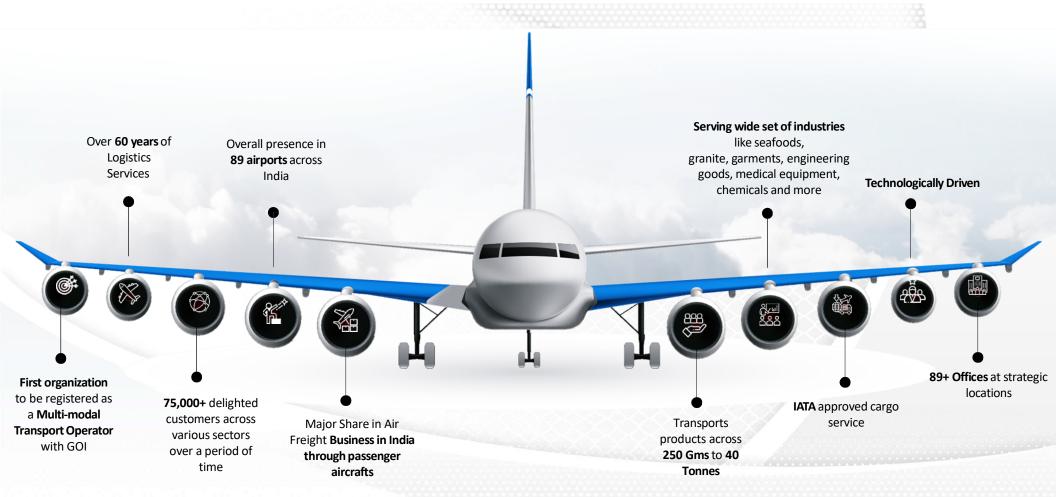
Company Secretary cum Compliance officer





# **Company Snapshot**







#### **Company Overview**

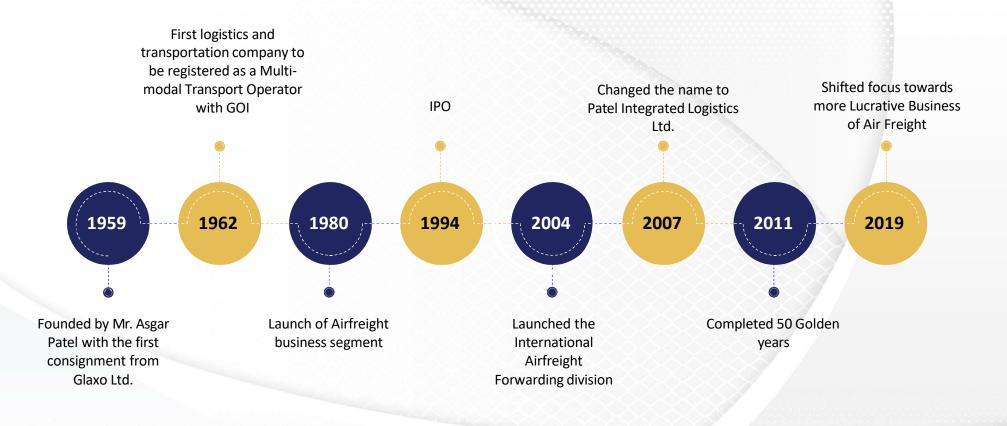


- Patel Integrated Logistics Ltd. (PILL) was incorporated by Mr. Asgar Shakoor Patel in 1962 as "Patel Roadways Private Limited" (PRL) to cater to surface transport logistics across India and over the years the company has expanded its services to Air freight and warehousing.
- Later on in the year 1988, Patel On-Board Couriers Ltd. (POBC) was launched initially for business of wholesale couriers and for the improvement of infrastructure, simplifying processes and improving efficiency.
- In the year 2006, Patel Integrated Logistics Limited (PILL) was formed with the merger of erstwhile Patel Roadways Limited and Patel On-Board Couriers Ltd.
- The company was a pioneer in the logistics sector in India, including express delivery, full truck load (FTL), less than truck load (LTL), domestic air courier, international courier consolidation, door pick-up, door pick-up delivery and warehousing.
- In the year 2018, the company rebranded itself and today the company specializes in critical functions of logistics with a presence in air freight, warehousing and ancillary services.
- The company specializes in air freight domestically and internationally with a unique business of transporting cargo through passenger flights including same-day last mile delivery service.
- PILL operates the business through a pan-India network with presence in all the functional airports.
- PILL caters to a marquee list of clientele across all sectors including major E-commerce players.
- The company has a major market share in air freight business in India from passenger aircrafts.

### **Key Milestones**







#### **Founder and Directors**







Asgar Patel, Founder

In 1959, when **Asgar Shakoor Patel** returned from the United Kingdom to India, he was geared with one thing alone - a vision. He didn't want to fill his father's shoes in running the cap manufacturing business and instead embarked on a long journey, creating multi-crore conglomerates on the way, with a well-deserved reputation.

The dawn of Patel Roadways Limited commenced with Asgar transporting his first consignment for Glaxo in 1959. A zest for success and a clear-cut vision drove Asgar Patel to transform Patel Roadways into one of the largest logistics companies in Asia with 1000 delivery outlets complimented by a workforce of over 7,500 people and ultimately creating a Brand 'Patel Roadways Limited' unparalleled in the Indian Logistics Industry in terms of reach and quality of service.



Mr. Hari Venugopal Nair – Non-Executive Director: He holds a Bachelor's degree in Arts (Economics) from the University of Mumbai. He has an experience of over 25 years in marketing, sales and business management and has been associated with the Company since the year 2002.



Mr. Mahesh Fogla - Executive Director: Qualified Chartered Accountant and Cost Accountant with rich experience in Finance & Accounts, Legal & Taxation and Strategic Financial Planning. He has more than 25 years of experience in conceptualizing & implementing MIS, maintaining & finalization of accounts, structuring commercial transactions to minimize impact of Taxes & Costs. He is an effective leader with analytical, team building & relationship management skills & abilities.



Ms. Jasmin Dinshaw Lalla - : Having over 25 years of experience, she holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce and a Master's degree in Commerce from the University of Mumbai. She also holds a Post Graduate Diploma in Business Administration from Welingkar Institute of Management Development and Research.



Mr. Ramakant Kadam - Independent Director: International Human Resources & Administration Management professional with more than 35 years of outstanding multifaceted experience in Public Relations, Personnel, Administration, Legal & Operations management, including 20+ years at the corporate level within the global arena across diverse industries.

### **Key Management Personnel**







Mr. Farukh Soli Wadia - Independent Director: He holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce from the University of Mumbai. He is a businessperson who has experience in the fields of automobiles, dealership, finance and couriers.



Ms. Bindiya Raichura - Independent Director: Extensive Corporate Commercial law practice of over 25 years both in contentious and non-contentious matters. Ms. Raichura's practice extends to both Indian corporates and MNCs. She has been an independent director on the board of Indian companies



Mr. Deepak Madhukar Keni - CFO: He holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce from the University of Mumbai and a Master's degree in Business Administration in Finance from The Canterbury University and has a vast experience of over 30 years.



Mr. Vikas Porwal - Executive Director: He has completed his Graduation (B.Com Honours) from the University of Udaipur, Rajasthan and Post-Graduation (PGDBA Finance) from Welingkar Institute of Management Development and Research, Mumbai. He has worked with the Company for more than 2 decades at various levels which includes handling Key Accounts at the National Level, National Operations, Commercials and other management aspects.



Mr. K Suresh - COO: He has done his Masters in Chemistry and Business Administration and garnered over 28 years of rich experience in logistics over various positions and various reputed organizations. He is currently the Chief Operating Officer(COO)-Southern and Eastern Region of our Company.



Mr. Avinash Paul Raj - Company Secretary and Compliance Officer: He holds a Masters Degree in Commerce and LL.B from Mumbai University and is an Associate Member of Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

### **Geographical Presence**





### **Industries We Cater To**



























### **Awards & Certifications**







ExceptionalCargoRevenue Performance-2013



Air Cargo Agent Association



OutstandingPerformance All India Basis



Highest On Board Courier Sales





StellarSales Performance-2005



All India Achiever Award for Cargo Sales - 2003



Go Cargo Exceptional Accomplishments

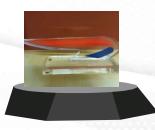


Recognition of Contribution





Highest On Board Courier Sales 2003-2004



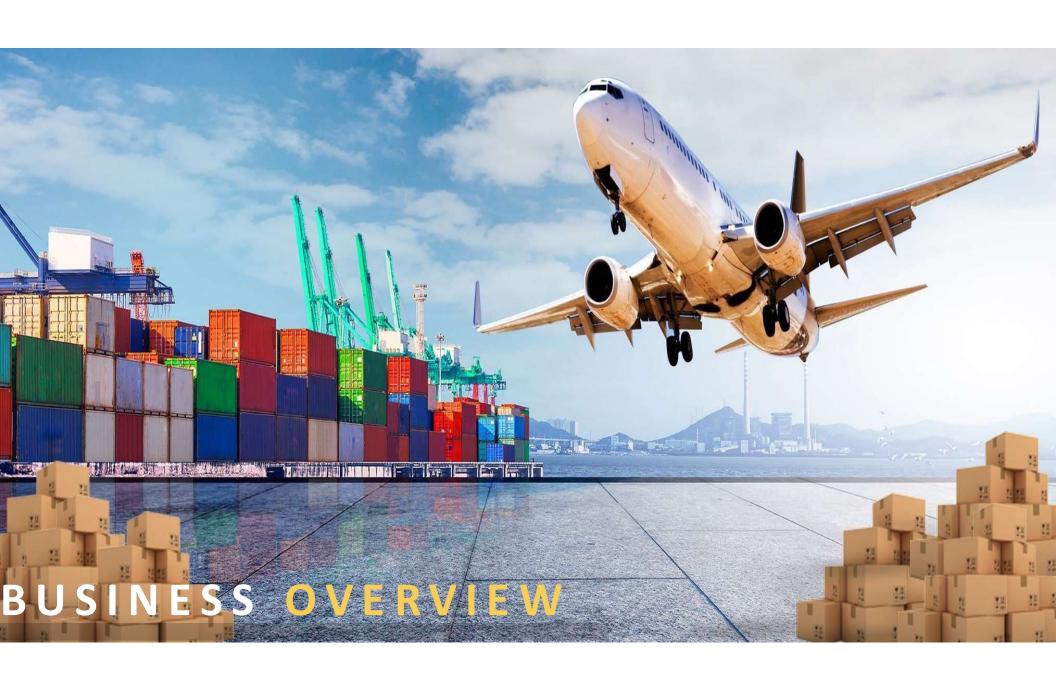
All India Achiever Award for Cargo Sales



Highest On Board Courier Sales 2007-2008



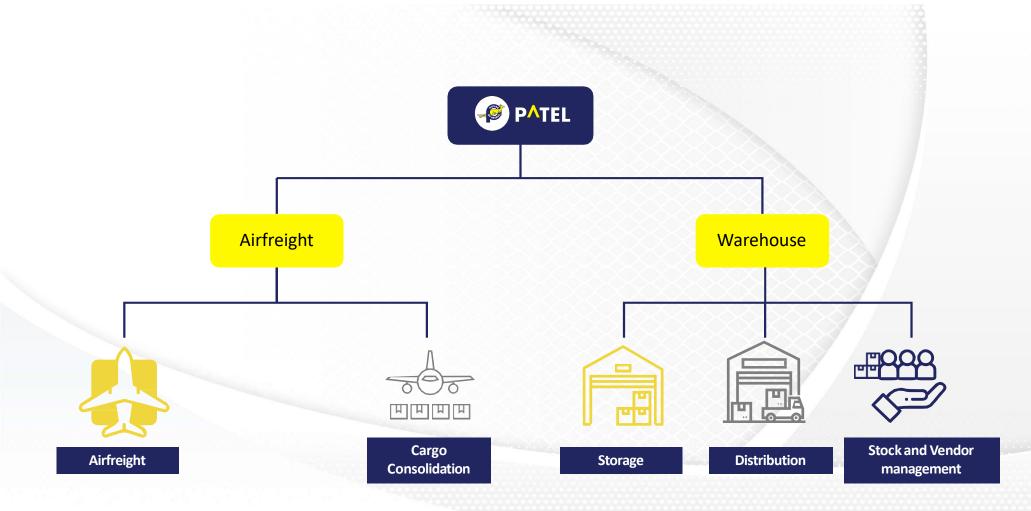
Exceptional Cargo Revenue Performance – 2016-2017



### **Services Provided**







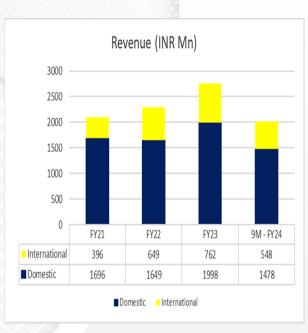
### **Airfreight**





- Patel Airfreight (PAF) Domestic was launched in 1980 and is an IATA-approved cargo agency offering transportation of high-density cargo by air and surface within India.
- Today, PAF Domestic has a presence in 89 Airports in India and has 125+ offices at strategic locations across the country.
- In 2004 PATEL Airfreight (PAF) International was launched and today it undertakes efficient and cost-effective freight transportation across the globe.
- PAF International is a member of Global Logistics Network (GLN), headquartered in New Jersey, USA, with a worldwide membership of 136 members across 60 countries. Through this, the company is able to efficiently manage it's international business and deliver the cargo to the doorstep of clients.
- The company specializes in transporting Cargo through passenger Aircrafts and is a major player in the passenger Air Freight Cargo in India.
- The company serves a wide set of industries including, seafoods, leather goods, granite, garments, engineering goods, medical equipment, chemicals and many more.
- Patel Airfreight is a preferred partner for most of the E-commerce giants, Pharmaceutical, Automobiles, FMCG, IT, Engineering companies and many more.
- The company has tie-ups with major airline carriers in India such as IndiGo, Air India and Spice Jet to ship cargo domestically and internationally weighing anything between 250 gms to 40 tonnes.

#### Revenue (INR Mn)



### Warehousing



- Launched in 2017, Patel Warehouse offers services in Warehousing and Distribution, Manufacturing Logistics, C&F Management apart from other valuable services in cargo and vendor management.
- With over 200,000 sq. ft. of warehousing space, the company has a clear edge over other ecosystem players via the Brick & Mortar infrastructure and knowledge offering, which has its imperative inherent advantages.
- The warehouses facilitate break-up of bulk materials, packing, assembling, sorting and scheduling goods movement along with cargo consolidation for various E-commerce, FMCG, pharmaceutical companies and various other sectors.
- The company promises next day to nine days delivery through 50 different routes across 500 locations in India.
- Patel warehouse also offers customized service packages and tailor-made solutions through its internet based Track-and-Trace System providing faster and safer load movement through scheduled dispatches.
- The Bangalore warehouse is taken on a lease for 99 years.
- The company undertakes practice of renting godowns/warehouses to various industries as per the requirement right from 10 years to a long-term lease ranging from 40-99 years.



**Patel Warehouse** 

**Bangalore** 

2.2 acres



#### **Technology At PILL**





#### **Data Integration:**

Data integration is possible with all leading technology.

PILL is integrating all invoices from Ops application to the accounting application.

05

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#### Freight-PILL:

In-house developed cloud based Software for the operation and Billing which enables collaborative Freight Forwarding Management. Application is being used across the network including International businesses.

#### freightpil.

**l.com**: In-house customized cloud based Software for the operations and Billing which enables collaborative Freight Forwarding Management.

### Accounting:

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PILL is using cloud based GST and VAT compliant accounting application. The application can be accessed universally to capture data or view/download MIS Reports.

#### **Track and Trace:**

Universal Track and Trace system.

#### POD:

Proof of Delivery mechanism to enable transparency.

#### **Accounting Mobile App:**

PILL is using mobile app for accessing real time MIS/ reports from the accounting application.

### **CRS Initiatives**





Patel Integrated works with passion and commitment towards CRS Initiatives.

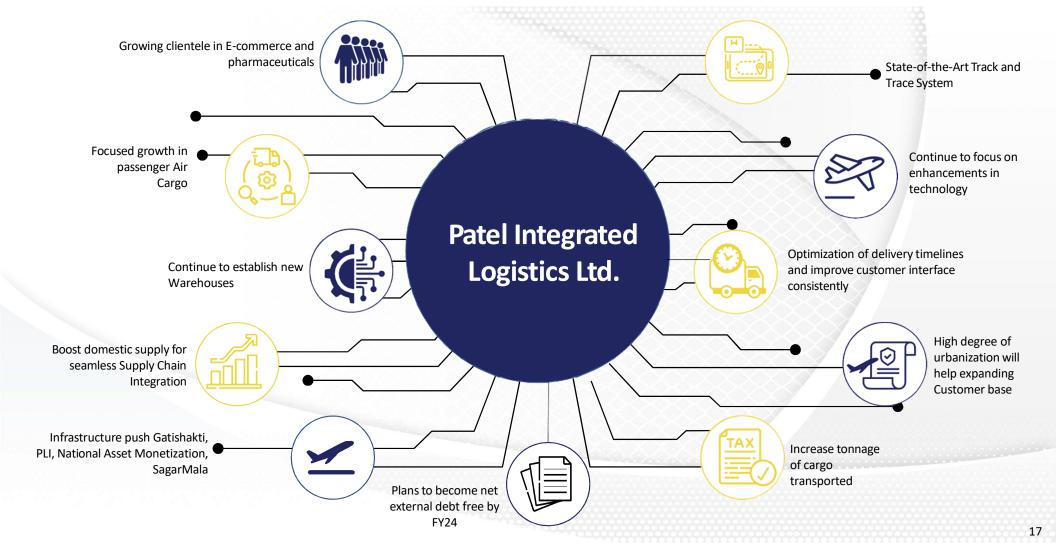
- Donated a Blood-Donation Bus to TATA Memorial Hospital for collecting and distributing blood
- Co-Sponsored the 6<sup>th</sup> International Women Tennis Championship held in December organised by Navi Mumbai sports association.
- Donated INR 7 lacs to Rotary Club of Bombay Bandra.

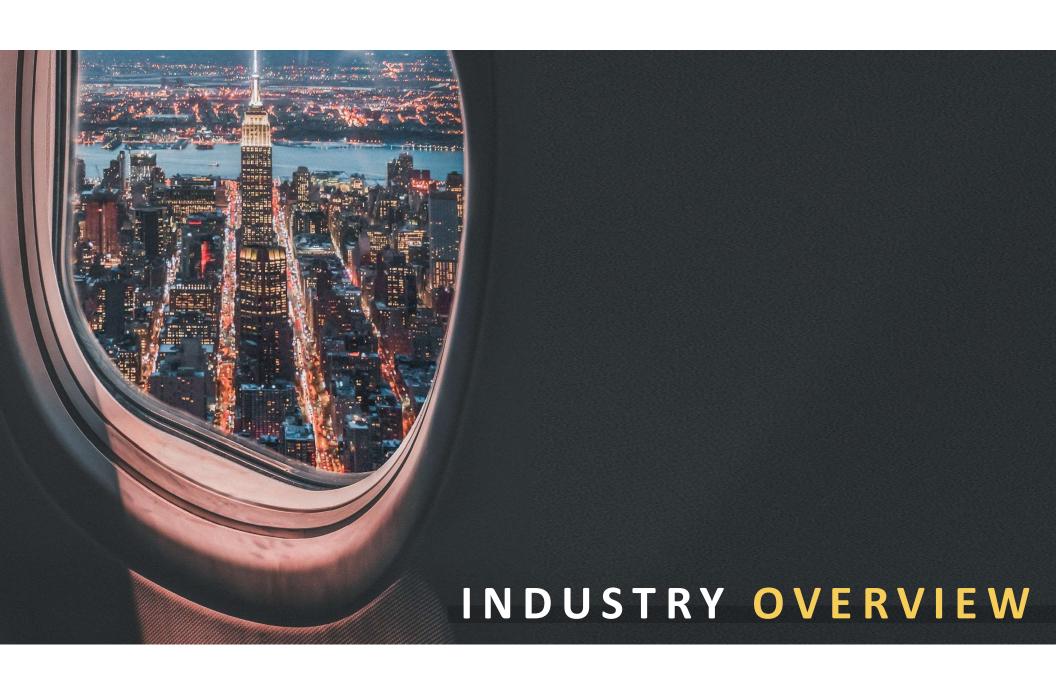


### **Future Strategies**









### **Industry Overview – Air Freight**

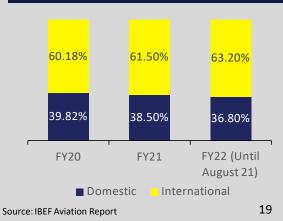
PATEL PATEL

- The global market for Air Cargo Containers estimated at USD 233.9 Mn in the year 2020, is projected to reach a size of USD 302.8 Mn by 2026, growing at a CAGR of 4.5%
- The Air Cargo Containers market in the U.S. is estimated at USD 64 Mn for the year 2021. China, the world's second largest economy, is forecast to reach a projected market size of USD 49.9 Mn by the year 2026 trailing a CAGR of 6.3% over the analysis period. Among the other noteworthy geographic markets are Japan and Canada, each forecast to grow at 3.1% and 4.4% respectively. Within Europe, Germany is forecast to grow at approximately 3.6% CAGR.
- In early 2020, various nations imposed a ban on international flights, and later domestic flights were also suspended. The logistics industry witnessed a huge decline in demand due to the global spread of the coronavirus pandemic in 2020. The air freight shipments were fairly low throughout 2020.
- India's Air Freight Market is estimated to be USD 12.41 Bn in 2022 and is expected to reach USD 16.37 Bn by 2027, growing at a CAGR of 5.7%. The total freight tonnage handled at Indian Airports in the FY2020 was 3.33 Mn MT.
- Faster delivery of shipments as compared with other logistics solutions and the rising popularity of consolidated air freight service is anticipated to boost the growth of the air freight market.
- Increased digital literacy in both urban and rural India has driven massive increases in digital demand, such
  that e-commerce is expected to grow to five times its current size in India by 2026, a putative USD 200 Bn
  market poised to materialize in less than five years.
- Air freight is quite suitable for offering swift deliveries. International Air Transport Association (IATA)
  estimated that e-commerce held a market share of about 15% of air cargo volumes in 2019. This trend
  toward e-commerce is continuously expanding and has speeded up during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Indian Air Freight Market**



#### Activity in Freight Traffic-INDIA



### **Advantages of Air Freight**







#### **Growing Fleet Size:**

Indian carriers are expected to double their fleet capacity to around 1,100 aircrafts by 2027.



Less need for heavy packaging:

Ensures to save both time and money by not having to provide extra packaging services.

High degree of security since airport safety restrictions on cargo are strictly enforced.





#### **AAI Initiatives:**

In 2022, the Airports Authority of India (AAI) have set a capital outlay target of INR 91,000 Cr for the development of the airport industry.

#### **Most Suitable for Carrying Light Goods of High Value:**

Goods of perishable nature which require quick delivery and light goods of high value over long distances.





#### **Quick Delivery:**

It is the fastest mode of transport.

#### **No Major Investments:**

It does not require huge capital investments.





#### **End To End Services:**

Meets the needs of different customers which includes good relationships with GP carriers, other carriers, operators, practices and logistics.

### **Future Trends of Air Freight Logistics**





Rising and Volatile Shipping Rates: Shipping rates have been anything but stable since the pandemic hit in March 2020. As long as demand for cargo space exceeds supply, rates will continue to rise. Manufacturers are building more cargo planes to ease capacity constraints and retrofitting passenger planes.

Rise of Air Freight as an Omnichannel: Pressured by customer demand, a rising trend toward an omnichannel strategy is afoot. Airlines are seeing a need to look beyond traditional airport-to-airport service. Now, airlines have captured on providing end-to-end services.

**Supply Chain Diversification:** Supply chain diversification will trigger near and mid-term increases in Air Cargo. Meanwhile, the long-term prospects for Air Cargo is likely increase, too, as more companies diversify their supply chains to mitigate risk.

**Rise of E-Commerce**: Ignited by the pandemic, E-Commerce is a growing and irreversible trend. Besides benefitting consumers, this trend benefits air carriers.

Scarce Air Cargo Capacity: Tight capacity has been looming since the onset of Covid-19. The capacity for ground and ocean cargo was swamped. And that demand for capacity spilled over into air cargo.

### **Industry Overview – Warehousing**





- The India warehouse market reached a value of INR 1,113 Bn in 2021. IMARC Group expects the market to reach INR 2,069.6 Bn by 2027, exhibiting a CAGR of 11.9% during 2022-2027.
- Warehousing accounts for 5% of the Indian Logistics market. In terms of space requirement, it stood at 265 Mn sq. ft. in FY 2021. The space requirement is expected to reach 483 Mn sq. ft. in 2026, expanding at a CAGR of 12.77%.
- The top six cities with modern warehousing capacity are Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Chennai, Mumbai, Delhi and Pune.
- Logistics and warehousing play a crucial role to bridge the gap between customers and manufacturers. The ease and efficiency of a logistic chain have a huge impact on the time a product reaches the customer.
- Effective warehousing is crucial for companies so that they can maintain their inventory and supply the goods whenever demand rises.
- As the E-commerce industry started growing, warehouses became an integral part of the logistics chain.
- In 2021, the Third-Party Logistics (3PL) sector acquired the maximum warehousing space, followed by E-commerce. The 3PL, E-commerce, others, FMCD, retail sectors, and FMCG acquired 30%,, 23%, 8%, 4%,3% and 1% of warehousing space, respectively.
- Indian warehouse market is on trajectory of huge demand primarily driven by factors such as Government's thrust in Make in India, enhanced trade in various sectors including retail, IT, technology, healthcare, etc., superior technology and Digital India initiative and various other such policies.

# Sector Wise Warehousing Demand (%)



Source: imarcgroup.com, globenewswire.com, nbm&cwcom

22



# **Historical Income Statement**





| Particulars (INR Mn)       | FY21  | FY22     | FY23            | Q1 FY24                  | Q2 FY 24      | Q3 FY 24 |
|----------------------------|-------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Operational Income         | 2,122 | 2,343    | 2,783           | 610                      | 668           | 768      |
| Total Expenses             | 2,070 | 2,267    | 2,680           | 591                      | 646           | 747      |
| EBITDA                     | 52    | 76       | 103             | 20                       | 22            | 21       |
| EBITDA Margins (%)         | 2.45% | 3.24%    | 3.70%           | 3.21%                    | 3.36%         | 2.70%    |
| OtherIncome                | 51    | 25       | 20              | 4                        | 4             | 7        |
| Depreciation               | 24    | 26       | 29              | <b>&gt;&gt;&gt;&gt;7</b> | <b>~~~~</b> 7 | 7        |
| Interest                   | 76    | 53       | 48              | 6                        | 6             | 6        |
| Exceptional Items          | -     | <u> </u> | \\ <u>-</u> \\\ |                          |               |          |
| РВТ                        | 3     | 22       | 46              | 10                       | 13            | 15       |
| Tax                        | 2     | -1       | -3              | 0                        | 0             | 0        |
| Profit After tax           | 1     | 23       | 49              | 10                       | 13            | 15       |
| PAT Margins (%)            | 0.05% | 0.98%    | 1.76%           | 1.70%                    | 2.01%         | 1.95%    |
| Other Comprehensive Income | 9     | -4       | -14             | 4                        | -5            | 7        |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 10    | 19       | 35              | 14                       | ×><> 8        | 7        |
| Basic EPS (INR)            | 0.03  | 0.77     | 1.13            | 0.16                     | 0.21          | 0.23     |
| Diluted EPS (INR)          | 0.03  | 0.57     | 0.74            | 0.16                     | 0.21          | 0.23     |

# **Historical Balance Sheet**





| Particulars (Rs in Mn)            | FY22  | FY23                   | H1 FY24    |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------------------------|------------|
|                                   |       |                        |            |
| ASSETS                            |       |                        |            |
| Non-Current Assets                |       |                        |            |
| a) Property, plant and equipment  | 514   | 496                    | 494        |
| b) Capital work-in-progress       | 1     | 2                      | 1          |
| c) Investment Property            | 51    | 50                     | 50         |
| d) Intangible assets              | 3     | 4                      | 4          |
| e) Financial assets:              |       |                        | $\bigcirc$ |
| i) Non-current Investments        | 29    | 27                     | 31         |
| ii) Loans                         | 6     | 6                      | 5          |
| iii) Other Financial Assets       | 28    | 28                     | 28         |
| f) Other non –current assets      |       | <u> </u>               |            |
| Total Non-Current Assets          | 632   | 613                    | 613        |
| Current Assets                    |       |                        | YYY        |
| a) Inventories                    | -     | -                      | -          |
| b) Financial assets:              |       | $X_{1}X_{2}X_{3}X_{4}$ |            |
| i) Current Investments            | 30    | 25                     | 23         |
| ii) Trade receivables             | 643   | 739                    | 835        |
| iii) Cash and cash equivalents    | 123   | 73                     | 12         |
| iv) Bank Balance other than above | 94    | 169                    | 64         |
| v) Loans                          | -     | -                      | -          |
| vi) Other Financial Assets        | 15    | 15                     | 15         |
| c) Other current assets           | 253   | 87                     | 95         |
| Total Current Assets              | 1,158 | 1,107                  | 1,042      |
| TOTAL ASSETS                      | 1,790 | 1,720                  | 1,655      |

| Particulars (Rs in Mn)             | FY22  | FY23        | H1 FY24 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------------|---------|
|                                    |       |             |         |
|                                    |       | 0.00        |         |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES             |       |             |         |
| Equity:                            |       |             |         |
| a) Equity share capital            | 360   | 649         | 649     |
| b) Other equity                    | 812   | 527         | 543     |
| Total Equity                       | 1,172 | 1,177       | 1,192   |
| Non-current liabilities            |       |             |         |
| (a) Financial liabilities          |       |             |         |
| i) Borrowings                      | 147   | 138         | 10:     |
| ii) Other Financial Liabilities    | 33    | 33          | 34      |
| (b) Deferred Tax liabilities (net) | 24    | 18          | 18      |
| Total Non-current liabilities      | 204   | 190         | 154     |
| Current liabilities                |       |             |         |
| a) Financial liabilities           |       |             |         |
| i) Borrowings                      | 305   | 152         | 112     |
| ii) Trade Payables                 | 38    | 145         | 11      |
| iii) Other financial liabilities   | 39    | 28          | 1!      |
| b) Other current liabilities       | 24    | 23          | 64      |
| c) Short-term provisions           | 8     | 5           |         |
| Total Current liabilities          | 414   | 354         | 308     |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       | 1,790 | 1,720       | 1,65    |
|                                    |       |             |         |
|                                    |       |             |         |
|                                    |       | .0000000000 |         |

25

# **Segment Reporting**

Profit before tax





| Patriculars (Rs in Mn)            | `Q3 FY24 | `Q2 FY24          | `Q1 FY24 | `FY23 | Patriculars (Rs in Mn)                  | Q3 FY24                 | Q2 FY24 | Q1 FY24 | FY23  |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------|---|-------------------------|---------|---------|-------|--|
| Segment Revenue                   |          |                   |          |       | Segment Assets                          |                         |         |         |       |  |
| Co-loading of Air Freight Divison | 899      | 781               | 710      | 3,187 | Co-loading of Air Freight Divison       | 1,106                   | 969     | 917     | 1,062 |  |
| Others                            | 7        | 9                 | 8        | 27    | Others                                  | 634                     | 686     | 658     | 658   |  |
| Revenue from Operations           | 906      | 790               | 719      | 3,214 | Total                                   | 1,740                   | 1,655   | 1,575   | 1,720 |  |
| The venue from operations         | 300      | 730               | 713      | 3,214 | Segment Liabilities                     | = }2 = 15 % = = = = = = | 1       |         |       |  |
| Less : GST Recovered              | 420      | 422               | 400      | 124   | Co-loading of Air Freight Divison       | 387                     | 279     | 203     | 350   |  |
| Less: GS1 Recovered               | 138      | 122               | 108      | 431   | Others                                  | 139                     | 183     | 181     | 194   |  |
|                                   |          |                   |          |       | Total                                   | 525                     | 462     | 384     | 544   |  |
| Net Sales/ Income from operations | 768      | 668               | 610      | 2,783 | Capital Employed                        |                         |         | į.      |       |  |
|                                   |          |                   |          |       | Co-loading of Air Freight Divison       | 719                     | 689     | 714     | 713   |  |
| Segment Results                   |          | $X_{i}X_{i}X_{i}$ | $\times$ |       | Others                                  | 495                     | 503     | 477     | 464   |  |
| Co-loading of Air Freight Divison | 23       | 22                | 18       | 99    | Total                                   | 1,214                   | 1,192   | 1,191   | 1,177 |  |
| Others                            | -4       | -3                | -2       | -12   | 5-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8 | <u> </u>                |         | -       |       |  |
| Total                             | 20       | 19                | 16       | 86    |   |                         |         |         |       |  |
|                                   |          |                   |          |       |   |                         |         |         |       |  |
| Less : Finance Cost               | 6        | 6                 | 6        | 48    |   |                         |         |         |       |  |
| Add: Interest Income              | 1        | 1                 | 0        | 8     |   |                         |         |         |       |  |

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